

Homework R25-ALT*[56 points]*

Read **pp. 483-486, 495-510** in “Nectar” and answer the following **neatly** on a separate sheet of paper(s).

Distribution of Hunain Spoils

1. (4) In distributing the spoils of Hunain, the Prophet (S) gives the largest shares to: (Circle all that are true)
 - a. The leaders of Quraish
 - b. The leaders of Ansar
 - c. Abu Sufyan (R) and family
 - d. Safwan ibn Umaiya (R)

2. (5) In distributing the spoils of Hunain to the soldiers, the shares were: (Circle all that are true)
 - a. Footmen – 4 camels and 120 sheep
 - b. Footmen – 4 camels and 40 sheep
 - c. Horsemen – 4 camels and 120 sheep
 - d. Horsemen – 12 camels and 120 sheep
 - e. The Prophet (S) kept 20% of the spoils

3. (4) When the Ansar hear of the distribution of spoils: (Circle all that are true)
 - a. They were upset their new Muslim brothers were getting generous gifts.
 - b. They were happy their new Muslim brothers were getting generous gifts.
 - c. Started talking badly about the Prophet (S).
 - d. Sad ibn Ubadah (R) decided to take some of Abu Sufyan’s (R) wealth.

4. (4) The Prophet (S) tells the Ansar (paraphrased): (Circle all that are true)
 - a. Your jealousy is a sign of your weak faith.
 - b. Allah guided you to Islam through me.
 - c. I will go wherever the Ansar go.
 - d. I came to you (the Ansar) helpless and you (the Ansar) helped me.

5. (3) What lesson can WE take from the Prophet’s (S) speech to the Ansar?

Invasion of Tabuk

6. (4) Before the Invasion of Tabuk: (Circle all that are correct)
 - a. Large numbers of people/tribes started embracing Islam.
 - b. Shurahbil ibn Amr was killed by the Ghassanids.
 - c. The Byzantines did not think much of the small Muslim community in Madinah.
 - d. The Prophet (S) sent Al-Harith ibn Umair (R) to Busra.

7. (4) The main reasons for the Invasion of Tabuk is:
 - a. The Byzantines teamed up with Bani Tabuk to attack Madinah.
 - b. Al-Harith ibn Amr (R) was killed by a man from the Ghassanid tribe
 - c. The Prophet (S) sent an army, led by Zaid bin Harithah (R) to the Byzantines.
 - d. The Byzantines teamed up with the Ghassanids to finish off the Muslims.

8. (4) When the Muslims learn about a possible attack at Tabuk: (Circle all that are correct)
- The Hypocrites were so worried about an attack, they offer to help defend Madinah.
 - The Muslims thought the Prophet (S) divorced his wives.
 - The Nabeteans gave the Muslims information about the size of the Byzantine army
 - The Nabeteans felt it would be good to attack Madinah when the Muslims are scared.
9. (4) What is Masjid Dirar and what happened to it?
10. (4) Regarding the size of the armies (Mark all that are correct)
- The Prophet (S) assembled an army of 30,000.
 - The Prophet (S) got news that the Byzantines have 30,000 soldiers
 - The Prophet (S) assembled an army of 10,000, but then 3000 Hypocrites left.
 - The Prophet (S) got news that the Byzantines have 140,000 soldiers.
11. (4) During the Invasion of Tabuk:
- 32 Muslims were killed but the Byzantines were stopped from entering Madinah.
 - 3200 Muslims were killed in the worst defeat of the Prophet's (S) life.
 - There was no battle.
 - 320 Byzantines were killed and only 12 Muslims were injured.
12. (1) Parts of which Surah were revealed at this time?
13. (5) Ali (R) is asked to stay back from the Invasion of Tabuk:
- The Hypocrites make fun of him.
 - Ali (R) is happy he does not have to fight in such a difficult battle.
 - The Prophet (S) wants Ali (R) to take care of his family
 - The Prophet (S) compares Ali (R) to Prophet Haroom (S).
 - The Prophet (S) wants Ali (R) to be in charge of Madinah until he returns.
14. (2) How does the Prophet (S) respond to the Hypocrites' excuses for staying back from Tabuk?

Umrah of Abu Bakr (R)

15. (2) What announcement does Ali (R) make about treaties with the idolators?
16. (2) What announcement does Abu Bakr (R) make about future pilgrimages to Mecca?